Village of Wayne

Wayne, Illinois



ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2021



VILLAGE OF WAYNE WAYNE, ILLINOIS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2021

Prepared by: Howard P. Levine Village Treasurer

Village of Wayne, Wayne, Illinois Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

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PART I

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

VILLAGE OF WAYNE WAYNE, ILLINOIS

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

April 30, 2021

VILLAGE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Eileen Phipps, President Mike Amadei, Trustee Peter Connolly, Trustee Mike Dimitroff, Trustee Gary Figurski, Trustee Edwin Hull, Trustee Emily Miller, Trustee

OFFICERS

Patricia Engstrom, Village Clerk Mickey, Wilson, Weiler, Renzi, & Anderson, P.C., Village Attorney Howard Levine, Village Treasurer

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE

5N430 Railroad Street Post Office Box 532 Wayne, Illinois 60184 Telephone (630) 584-3090 PART II

FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Village of Wayne, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **Village of Wayne**, **Illinois** (Village), as of and for the year ended April 30, 2021, and the statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual for the General Fund and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Wayne, Illinois, as of April 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As disclosed in Note IV.G to the financial statements, the Village adopted GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which changed the reporting of a certain fiduciary fund during the current fiscal year. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3-9, and the multiyear schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios (pages 50-51), and the multiyear schedule of contributions – last 10 fiscal years (pages 52-53) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The accompanying financial information listed as supplementary information (the nonmajor governmental funds on pages 54-67, and the other financial schedules on pages 68-71, and the statistical information on pages 72-75 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The statistical information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Selden Jox, Rtd.

October 19, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Village of Wayne, Illinois Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2021

The Village of Wayne, Illinois (Village), Management's Discussion and Analysis is designed to: (1) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (2) provide an overview of major financial activities of the Village, (3) identify changes in the Village's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), (4) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (5) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts; please read it in conjunction with the Village's financial statements (beginning on page 10).

Financial Highlights

- The Village's net position at April 30, 2021, was assets and deferred outflows in excess of liabilities and deferred inflows of \$4,183,832 (\$3,722,247 at April 30, 2020). Net position increased \$461,585 for the year ended April 30, 2021 (net position increased \$19,306 for the year ended April 30, 2020).
- Governmental activities and general revenues for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2021, was \$2,183,311 (\$2,019,770 for the year ended April 30, 2020), an increase of \$163,541 from the prior year.
- Governmental fund balances totaled \$3,237,479 at April 30, 2021 (\$2,869,526 at April 30, 2020), an increase of \$257,965, as compared with an increase of \$307,888 for the year ended April 30, 2020.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements – The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Village's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

Overview of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

Government-wide Financial Statements (cont'd)

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all, or a significant portion, of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Village include general government, public safety and highways and streets. The Village has no business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements include only the Village itself (known as the primary government), as the Village has no component units. The government-wide financial statements also exclude activity reported in fiduciary funds.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10 through 12 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds. The Village has no proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison.

The Village maintains twelve individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund. Data from the other eleven governmental funds (Social Security, Audit, Road and Bridge, Motor Fuel Tax, Special Service Area #3, Special Service Area #4, School, Park, Special Service Area #5, Sanctuary, and Jensen Memorial Funds) are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the supplemental section in this report.

Overview of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

Fund Financial Statements (cont'd)

Governmental Funds (cont'd)

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 through 20 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements, because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Village's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The Village's agency funds consist of the Police Pension Trust Fund and a Custodial Fund.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21 and 22 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 23 through 49 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain information concerning the Village's change in its net pension liability and historical data on employer contributions to its single employer Police Pension Fund. This information can be found on pages 50 through 53 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual for the nonmajor funds, and capital asset and long-term debt schedules are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 54 through 71 of this report. Some historical statistical information on general governmental revenues and expenditures, property tax levies and collections, and assessed and actual values of taxable properties are included on pages 72 through 75.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Village, assets exceeded liabilities by \$4,183,832 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of the Village's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, equipment and vehicles), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. An additional portion of the Village's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the Village's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Village of Wayne, Illinois Condensed Statement of Net Position April 30,

	 2021	 2020
Current and other assets Capital assets Deferred outflows	\$ 4,407,958 3,537,584 -	\$ 3,995,524 3,451,204 3,815
Total assets and deferred outflows	 7,945,542	 7,450,543
Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Deferred inflows	 306,326 3,448,117 7,267	 287,344 3,411,840 29,112
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	 3,761,710	 3,728,296
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	 3,537,584 801,436 (155,188)	 3,451,204 596,740 (325,697)
Total net position	\$ 4,183,832	\$ 3,722,247

Governmental Activities and General Revenues – Governmental activities and general revenues increased the Village's net position by \$461,585 (\$19,306 increase in the prior year). For the year ended April 30, 2021, there was an overall increase in governmental and general revenues of \$163,541 and an overall decrease in expenses of \$278,738 that resulted in the difference in the year-over-year changes in net position. For the year ended April 30, 2020, an overall increase in revenues of \$183,556 and an overall increase in expenses of \$49,953.

Detail on current year activity is on the following page.

Village of Wayne, Illinois Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended April 30,

		2021	2020		
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	234,717	\$	288,702	
Operating grants and contributions	•	112,938	Ŧ	109,778	
Capital grants and contributions		80,106		-	
General revenues:					
Property taxes		883,529		859,328	
Other taxes		289,792		258,196	
Intergovernmental:					
State income tax		315,791		239,111	
Municipal retailers' tax Other		152,804		108,788	
Investment income		87,250 10,166		89,953 56,085	
Miscellaneous		16,218		9,829	
Wiscellaneous		10,210		5,025	
Total revenues		2,183,311		2,019,770	
Expenses:					
General government		348,414		326,185	
Public safety		771,044		725,658	
Retirement contributions, net of change					
in net pension obligation/asset		268,247		546,734	
Highways and streets		334,021		401,887	
				0 000 404	
Total expenses		1,721,726		2,000,464	
Changes in net position		461,585		19,306	
Net position:					
Beginning of the year		3,722,247		3,702,941	
End of the year	\$	4,183,832	\$	3,722,247	

Revenues increased in the current year by \$163,541, which was due to increases in operating and capital grants and contributions, property taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other taxes offset by decreases in charges for services, and investment income. General government expenses decreased \$278,738 primarily due to a \$278,487 reduction in expense year-over-year from the actuarily determined change in the net pension obligation. Public safety expenses, including retirement contributions and the change in the net pension obligation, increased \$45,386 primarily due to increases in compensation of officers while highway and streets expense decreased \$67,866 due to less road program expenses than in the prior year.

Governmental Fund Financial Highlights

The Village reported the General Fund as a major fund. The General Fund in the current year included two internal funds, the Police Protection Fund and the Street and Bridge (Public Works) Fund, which at one time was reported as, but no longer meeting the definition of, a special revenue fund. Budgets were adopted for all governmental funds. Budgeted expenditures, which are presented in this annual financial report, are less than the appropriated amounts, such that actual expenditures could exceed budgeted amounts but still fall within the legal spending limit. The Village did not amend its budget during the year.

General Fund – General Fund revenues of \$1,899,889 were over budgeted expectations by \$385,268. State income tax, municipal retailer's tax, amusement tax, building permits, utilities tax, traffic fines, grants and contributions, and miscellaneous revenues all saw actual revenues that outpaced budgeted revenues. Expenditures in the General Fund of \$1,730,945 were over the budget of \$1,683,080 by \$47,865. The negative variance between budget versus actual was attributable to funding of street maintenance through the General Fund in the current year. Current expenditures of \$1,584,681 were over the budget of \$1,439,380 by \$145,301.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets – The Village's investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) as of April 30, 2021 and 2020, was \$3,537,584 and \$3,451,204, respectively. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, machinery and equipment, and vehicles. The Village, as a phase-three government under GASB 34, has elected to capitalize infrastructure assets (i.e., streets, sidewalks and curbs, land beneath the streets, and bridges) on the statement of net position on a prospective basis. The total change in the Village's investment in capital assets between the current fiscal year and the prior year's annual report was due primarily to the purchase and improvement of public safety vehicles. Additions to capital assets of totaled \$177,051 while depreciation was \$77,790 in the current year.

The following table presents capital assets at April 30, 2021 and 2020, at net book value.

Village of Wayne, Illinois Capital Assets at Year End, Net of Accumulated Depreciation For the Years Ended April 30,

	2021			2020
Land	\$	3,014,502	\$	3,014,502
Buildings and improvements Infrastructure		219,211 17,894		228,506 20,174
Machinery and equipment Vehicles		57,976 228,001		8,762 179,260
	\$	3,537,584	\$	3,451,204

Additional information on the Village's capital assets can be found in Note III.B. on page 39 of this report.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration (cont'd)

Long-term Debt – The Village has no long-term debt. The Village has a fiduciary obligation to levy and collect special purpose property taxes for the long-term debt payable by residents of Special Service Area #5, and makes payments to the bondholders with the taxes collected. The debt is not an obligation of the Village and is secured only by special purpose property taxes and, therefore, is not included in the financial statements of the Village.

The Village does record a long-term liability in the governmental activities for its net pension liability for the police pension plan. Additional information on the Village's net pension liability can be found in Note IV.C. beginning on page 41.

Summary and Future Considerations

The Village intends to continue to closely monitor expenditures, and allocate resources to areas that best meet the needs of its citizenry. The Village will continue to actively seek out grants and all other available revenue sources.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be addressed to the Village Treasurer's Office at 5N430 Railroad Street, Wayne, Illinois 60184.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Village of Wayne, Illinois Statement of Net Position April 30, 2021

Assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 3,383,881
Receivables: Property taxes	881,996
State income taxes	76,798
Municipal retailers' tax	27,102
Motor fuel taxes	8,008
Utility taxes	27,613
Prepaid items Capital assets not depreciated	2,560 3,014,502
Capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation	 523,082
Total assets	 7,945,542
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	25,096
Accrued salaries	18,797 675
Payroll taxes withheld and accrued Compensated absences payable	17,843
Developers' deposits	15,295
Construction deposits	198,918
Unearned revenue	29,702
Noncurrent liabilities - net pension liability	 3,448,117
Total liabilities	 3,754,443
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension-related	 7,267
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	 3,761,710
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	3,537,584
Village portion of Social Security tax	64,316
Audit Historya and strasta	11,652
Highways and streets Special service areas	331,357 184,708
Donor purposes:	101,700
Nonexpendable	100,000
Expendable	109,403
Unrestricted	 (155,188)
Total net position	\$ 4,183,832

See accompanying notes.

Village of Wayne, Illinois Statement of Activities For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

Functions/Programs	Expenses			Charges for Services and Fees		
Primary government: Governmental activities: General government Public safety Highways and streets	\$	348,414 1,039,291 334,021	\$	108,272 64,085 62,360		
Total governmental activities	\$	1,721,726	\$	234,717		

G	ogram Revenu Operating rants and ontributions	Gr	Capital ants and htributions	an	t (Expense) Revenue d Changes Net Position
		00		<u> </u>	Vet Position
\$	109,988 2,950 -	\$	- - 80,106	\$	(130,154) (972,256) (191,555)
\$	112,938	\$	80,106		(1,293,965)
T	neral revenues axes: Property State income Municipal reta Amusement ta Motor fuel tax Utilities tax Road and bric ivestment inco liscellaneous	taxes illers' t ax allotm lge tax	nents		883,529 315,791 152,804 58,288 87,040 231,504 210 10,166 16,218 1,755,550
	Changes in	not r	osition		461,585
	-	-			505,107
	position, begi ear	nning	of the		3,722,247
Net	position, end	of the	year	\$	4,183,832

Village of Wayne, Illinois Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds April 30, 2021

		General		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total vernmental Funds
Assets						
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	2,532,662	\$	851,219	\$	3,383,881
Property taxes, net of allowance for uncollectible amounts		820,570		61,426		881,99
State income tax		76,798		-		76,79
Municipal retailers' tax		27,102		-		27,10
Motor fuel taxes Utilities and excise tax		- 27,613		8,008		8,008 27,613
Prepaid items		2,560				2,56
Total assets	\$	3,487,305	\$	920,653	\$	4,407,95
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	25,096	\$	-	\$	25,09
Accrued salaries		18,797		-		18,79
Accrued payroll taxes Developers' deposits		- 15,295		675		67 15,29
Construction deposits		198,918		-		198,91
Unearned revenue		29,702		-		29,70
Total liabilities		287,808		675		288,48
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Property taxes		820,570		61,426		881,99
Total liabilities and deferred						
inflows of resources		1,108,378		62,101		1,170,47
Fund balances: Nonspendable		2,560		100,000		102,56
Restricted for:		,				,
Retirement		-		39,751		39,75
Audit Road and bridge maintenance		-		908 331,357		90 221 25
Road and bridge maintenance Special service areas		-		158,591		331,35 158,59
Donor purposes		27,291		82,112		109,40
Committed for capital outlay Unassigned, reported in:		-		145,833		145,83
General fund		2,349,076		-		2,349,07
Total fund balances		2,378,927		858,552		3,237,47
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	•	0 407 005	۴	000 050	~	4 407 65
of resources and fund balances	\$	3,487,305	\$	920,653	\$	4,407,95

See accompanying notes.

Village of Wayne, Illinois Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position April 30, 2021

Total fund balance - governmental funds (page 13)	\$ 3,237,479
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (page 10) are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds' balance sheet.	3,537,584
Revenues are recognized for governmental activities when earned, regardless of when collected, and not deferred on the statement of net position.	881,996
Certain liabilities reported in the statement of net position do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. These liabilities consist of: Compensated absences payable Net pension liability	(17,843) (3,448,117)
Differences between expected and actual experience, assumption changes, and net differences between projected and actual earnings for the Police Pension Trust Fund are recognized as deferred outflows or deferred inflows in the attacement of net position	(7.967)
statement of net position. Net position of governmental activities (page 10)	\$ (7,267) 4,183,832

Village of Wayne, Illinois Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

	(General		onmajor ernmental Funds	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	601,007	\$	88,646	\$	689,653
Property taxes - police pension	Ŧ	171,116	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	171,116
Road and bridge taxes		-		210		210
State income taxes		312,142		3,649		315,791
Municipal retailers' tax		152,804				152,804
Amusement tax		58,288		-		58,288
Motor fuel tax allotments				87,040		87,040
Permits and licenses		108,272		- ,		108,272
Vehicle stickers		62,360		-		62,360
Utilities tax		231,504		-		231,504
Traffic fines		64,085		-		64,085
Grants and contributions		2,950		80,106		83,056
Coronavirus relief pass through		,		,		,
federal funding		109,988		-		109,988
Interest		9,156		1,010		10,166
Miscellaneous		16,217		-		16,217
Total revenues		1,899,889		260,661		2,160,550
Expenditures:						
Current expenditures:						
General government:						
Administration		219,573		-		219,573
Building		86,502		-		86,502
Audit				14,900		14,900
Payroll taxes		-		51,074		51,074
Public safety		954,932		-		954,932
Highways and streets		323,674		5,078		328,752
Other				-,		
Capital outlay and grant						
related expenditures		146,264		-		146,264
		,				
Total expenditures		1,730,945		71,052		1,801,997
Revenues over						
expenditures before						
other financing sources		168,944		189,609		358,553

Village of Wayne, Illinois Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (cont'd) For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Nonmajor Governmen General Funds		vernmental	Total Governmental Funds		
Other financing sources: Proceeds from sale of capital assets	\$	9,400	\$		\$	9,400
Total other financing sources		9,400		-		9,400
Net changes in fund balances		178,344		189,609		367,953
Fund balances, beginning of the year		2,200,583		668,943		2,869,526
Fund balances, end of the year	\$	2,378,927	\$	858,552	\$	3,237,479

Village of Wayne, Illinois Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 16)	\$ 367,953
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (pages 11 and 12) are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital outlay in the governmental funds.	177,051
Depreciation on capital assets is reported as an expense in the statement of activities.	(77,790)
The gain on disposal of capital assets is reported as an increase to net position on the statement of activities, but proceeds from the sale of capital assets are recorded as an increase to fund balance on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance.	(12,881)
Revenues in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources, and are not reported as revenues in the individual funds.	22,760
The net effect of changes in the net pension liability is reported as an expense in the statement of activities.	(18,247)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds: Change in compensated absence payable	2,739
Change in net position of governmental activities (page 12)	\$ 461,585

Village of Wayne, Illinois Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Devenue			
Revenues:	\$ 601,669	¢ co4 oo7	Ф (ССО)
Property taxes	, ,	\$ 601,007 171,116	\$ (662)
Property taxes - police pension State income tax	171,116 182,862	312,142	- 129,280
	75,000	152,804	77,804
Municipal retailers' tax Amusement tax	25,000	58,288	33,288
Building permits	23,000 91,974	103,992	12,018
Truck permits	3,750	3,030	(720)
Liquor licenses	1,250	1,250	(720)
Vehicle stickers	75,000	62,360	- (12,640)
Utilities tax	217,000	231,504	14,504
Traffic fines	40,400	64,085	23,685
Grants and contributions	2,100	2,950	850
Coronavirus relief pass through federal funding	2,100	109,988	109,988
Interest	20,000	9,156	(10,844)
Miscellaneous	7,500	16,217	8,717
Wiecenarioodo	1,000		0,717
Total revenues	1,514,621	1,899,889	385,268
Current expenditures - general government: Administrative department:			
Personnel services	69,826	71,525	(1,699)
Contractual services	117,339	123,530	(6,191)
Commodities	6,602	4,440	2,162
Insurance	17,029	16,528	501
Other expenditures	6,303	3,550	2,753
Total administrative department	217,099	219,573	(2,474)
Building department:			
Personnel services	65,810	58,607	7,203
Contractual services	18,125	17,857	268
Commodities	1,278	2,284	(1,006)
Other expenditures	8,110	7,754	356
		.,	
Total building department	93,323	86,502	6,821

(cont'd)

Village of Wayne, Illinois Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund (cont'd) For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Current expenditures - public safety: Personnel services Police pension contribution Contractual services Commodities Insurance Other expenditures	\$ 527,200 250,000 93,990 31,255 43,316 1,000	\$ 526,445 250,000 109,598 24,690 42,622 1,577	\$ 755 (15,608) 6,565 694 (577)
Total public safety	946,761	954,932	(8,171)
Current expenditures - highways and streets: Personnel services Contractual services Commodities Other expenditures	58,888 116,623 5,894 792	48,897 267,201 6,668 908	9,991 (150,578) (774) (116)
Total highways and streets	182,197	323,674	(141,477)
Total current expenditures	1,439,380	1,584,681	(145,301)
Capital expenditures: Administrative department Building department Public safety Public works department - vehicle Highways and streets	10,000 - 61,700 - 172,000	10,100 252 60,404 46,486 29,022	(100) (252) 1,296 (46,486) 142,978
Total capital expenditures	243,700	146,264	97,436
Total expenditures	1,683,080	1,730,945	(47,865)
Revenues over (under) expenditures before other financing sources	(168,459)	168,944	337,403

Village of Wayne, Illinois Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund (cont'd) For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Original and Final Budget	Actua	al	Wi E P	ariance ith Final Budget ositive egative)
Other financing sources: Proceeds from sale of capital assets	\$ -	\$9,	400	\$	9,400
Total other financing sources		9,	400	•	9,400
Net changes in fund balance	\$ (168,459	<u>)</u> 178,	344	\$	346,803
Fund balance, beginning of the year		2,200,	583		
Fund balance, end of the year		\$ 2,378,	927		

Village of Wayne, Illinois Statement of Fiduciary Net Position -Fiduciary Funds - Trust and Custodial Funds April 30, 2021

Assets		Police Pension Trust Fund		Special Service Area #5 Custodial Fund
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-
Investments:	Ŧ		Ŧ	
Money market funds		34,501		117,964
Illinois Funds		11,513		41,811
Certificates of deposit		160,178		-
U.S. government and agency securities		1,087,067		-
Corporate bonds		317,656		-
Municipal bonds		268,948		-
Equity mutual funds Treasury bonds		223,216 207,926		-
Accrued interest receivable		12,827		-
Accided interest receivable		12,027		
Total assets	\$	2,323,832	\$	159,775
Liabilities				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	2,061	\$	-
Total liabilities		2,061		-
Net Position				
Restricted for pension		2,321,771		-
Restricted for debt service		_,		159,775
Total liabilities and net position	\$	2,323,832	\$	159,775

See accompanying notes.

Village of Wayne, Illinois Statement of Changes in Net Position -Fiduciary Funds - Trust and Custodial Funds For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

Additions:	Police Pension Trust Fund	Special Service Area #5 Custodial Fund
Contributions:		
Employer	\$ 250,000	\$ -
Plan members (employees)	7,139	
Total contributions	257,139	
Investment income:		
Interest	50,687	78
Net increase in fair value of investments	55,428	
Total investment income	106,115	78
Property taxes levied for SSA #5	<u> </u>	27,918
Total additions	363,254	27,996
Deductions: Pension benefit payments Dues Professional fees Training Insurance Debt service: Principal	252,735 1,241 11,543 485 3,090	- - - -
Interest and service charges		8,770
Total deductions	269,094	8,770
Net changes in net position	94,160	19,226
Net position: Beginning of the year (as restated)	2,227,611	140,549
End of the year	\$ 2,321,771	\$ 159,775

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Village of Wayne, Illinois (Village), was incorporated on September 19, 1958. The Village operates under a Board of Trustees form of government and provides the following services: police protection, streets and roads, planning and zoning, public improvements, and general administration.

The financial statements of the Village have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting policies are described below.

A. The Reporting Entity

As defined by generally accepted accounting principles established by GASB, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as component units, which are legally separate organizations for which elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as:

- 1. Appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either: (a) the ability to impose will by the primary government, or (b) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government; or
- 2. Fiscal dependency on the primary government including a financial benefit or burden relationship.

Several other governmental entities have operations within or serve the residents of the Village but are separate legal entities. The Village is not financially accountable for these entities, and they are not included in the Village's reporting entity. In addition, the Village does not believe that any of these is a component unit of any other entity.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Village. The effect of material interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The Village has no business-type activities.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (cont'd)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flow takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Village gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include various taxes, state shared revenues and various state, federal and local grants. On an accrual basis, revenues from taxes are recognized when the Village has legal claim to the resources. Grants, entitlements, state shared revenues and similar items are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The Village considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, and expenditures related to compensated absences payable and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting (cont'd)

Property taxes, utility taxes, grants and contributions and interest are susceptible to accrual. Replacement income tax, state income tax, amusement tax and municipal retailers' tax collected and held by the state at year end on behalf of the Village are also recognized as revenue. Other receipts become measurable and available when cash is received by the Village, and are recognized as revenue at that time.

The Village reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The major departments of the General Fund are administration, building, public safety, and highways and streets.

Additionally, the Village administers fiduciary funds for assets held by the Village in a fiduciary capacity. The Village reports the following fiduciary funds:

Police Pension Trust Fund – The Village has a pension trust fund which is used to account for the activities of the Police Pension Plan. The Police Pension Plan accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

Special Service Area #5 Custodial Fund – The Village acts as agent for the individual homeowners in the special service area, collecting taxes levied for and making payments on bonds issued for the construction of a private road. The fund is custodial in nature and does not involve measurement of operations.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Unearned revenue is reported on the statement of net position and the governmental funds' balance sheet. Unearned revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received prior to the government having a legal claim to them. In a subsequent period, when both the recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability is removed and the revenue is recognized.

Differences occur from the manner in which the governmental fund and the Village-wide financial statements are prepared. The government-wide financial statements report capital asset activity, compensated absences payable, and a net pension liability and related deferred inflows. Governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements and the statements for governmental funds.

D. Assets/Deferred Outflows, Liabilities/Deferred Inflows and Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

Use of Estimates – The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Cash – The Village considers cash on hand and cash in banks to be cash.

Investments – Investments are reported at fair value except non-negotiable certificates of deposit and other short-term investments, including funds on deposit with Illinois Funds, which are reported at cost, and approximates fair value. The Village categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Village's investment in the Illinois Funds meets the criteria contained in GASB Statement No. 79, Certain Investment Pools and Pool Participants. This allows the Illinois Funds and those local governments investing in it to measure its investment at amortized cost. The criteria contained in GASB Statement No. 79 address (1) how the pool interacts with participants, (2) requirements for portfolio maturity, quality, diversification and liquidity, and (3) calculation and requirements of a shadow price.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for investments measured at fair value, as well as the general classification of such investments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

Actively traded mutual funds are valued using quoted market prices. Accordingly, these assets are categorized in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

Corporate and municipal bonds, and U.S. government securities and agency securities are valued using pricing models based on standard inputs. These standard inputs typically include benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers and reference data, including market research publications. Accordingly, these types of investments are categorized in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

D. Assets/Deferred Outflows, Liabilities/Deferred Inflows and Equity (cont'd)

1. Deposits and Investments (cont'd)

Under Illinois law, the Village is restricted to investing funds in specific types of investment instruments. The following generally represents the types of instruments allowable by state law:

- Securities issued or guaranteed by the United States, its agencies and its instrumentalities.
- Interest-bearing savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and time deposits for banks and savings and loans insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
- Short-term obligations (less than 180 days) of U.S. corporations with assets over \$500,000,000 rated in the highest classification by at least two rating agencies.
- Insured accounts of an Illinois credit union chartered under United States or Illinois law.
- Money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or agreements to repurchase these same types of obligations.
- The Illinois Funds Investment Pool.
- Repurchase agreements that meet instrument transaction requirements of Illinois law.

In addition, Pension Trust Funds are also permitted to invest in the following instruments:

- General accounts of Illinois-licensed life insurance companies.
- Separate accounts of Illinois-licensed insurance companies invested in stocks, bonds, and real estate, limited to 10% of the fund's investments.
- Interest-bearing bonds of the State of Illinois, and bonds or tax anticipation warrants of any county, township, or municipal corporation of the State of Illinois.
- Mutual funds which meet the following requirements: (1) managed by an investment company as defined under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and registered under the Illinois Securities Law of 1953, (2) mutual fund has been in operation for 5 years, (3) mutual fund has assets of \$250 million of more, (4) mutual fund is comprised of stocks, bonds, or money market instruments, and (5) limited to 35% of net present assets.

D. Assets/Deferred Outflows, Liabilities/Deferred Inflows and Equity (cont'd)

1. Deposits and Investments (cont'd)

Common and preferred stocks which meet the following requirements:

 investments must be made through an investment advisor, (2) stocks of U.S. corporations that have been in existence for five years, (3) corporations not in arrears in payment of dividends in last five years, (4) market value of stock in any one corporation does not exceed 5% of cash and invested assets of pension fund, (5) stock in any one corporation does not exceed 5% of total outstanding stock in the corporation, (6) stock listed on national securities exchange or quoted in NASDAQNMS, and (7) limited to 35% of net present assets.

The Village's and the Police Pension Trust Fund's investment policies do not further restrict the types of investments in which the Village may invest.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables" (the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable government funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

The Village's property taxes are required to be levied by ordinance. A certified copy of the levy ordinance must be filed with the county clerk not later than the last Tuesday in December of each year. Taxes are due and collectible one-half on June 1 and one-half on September 1 of the following year. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Property taxes are based on the assessed valuation of the Village's real property as equalized by the state of Illinois. The rate-setting equalized assessed valuation of real property totaled \$155,028,738 for the calendar year 2020.

Property tax revenues are recorded on the "deferred method." Because of the extraordinarily long period of time between the levy date and the receipt of tax distributions from the county collector, the property taxes are not "available" to finance current year expenditures. For those funds on the modified accrual basis of accounting, the current year tax levy is recorded as property taxes receivable and deferred inflows of resources.

D. Assets/Deferred Outflows, Liabilities/Deferred Inflows and Equity (cont'd)

3. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, buildings, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, storm sewers, streetlights, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The Village defines capital assets as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

All purchased capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available or at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date received. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives is not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

All reported capital assets except land, site improvements, and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. The following estimated useful lives are used to compute depreciation on a straight-line basis:

Buildings and improvements	10 – 35 years
Infrastructure	25 years
Machinery and equipment	5 – 10 years
Vehicles	7 years

D. Assets/Deferred Outflows, Liabilities/Deferred Inflows and Equity (cont'd)

5. Compensated Absences

Full-time and regular part-time employees are permanent employees and are granted vacation benefits in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the Village. Generally, after one year of service, permanent employees are entitled to all accrued vacation leave upon termination. Sick leave accrues to permanent employees to specified maximums and may be carried over indefinitely but is not paid out to an employee upon separation of service from the Village.

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide financial statements consists of unpaid, accumulated vacation, and vested sick leave balances for Village employees that are carried over from the previous policy. Compensated absences will be paid as they come due and will be paid from the fund where the employee's salary is paid (typically the General Fund).

6. Long-term Obligations

The Village has no long-term obligations. The Village has a fiduciary obligation to levy and collect special purpose property taxes for the long-term debt payable by residents of Special Service Area #5 and makes payments to the bondholders with the taxes collected. The debt is not an obligation of the Village and is secured only by special purpose property taxes and, therefore, is not included in the financial statements of the Village.

7. Fund Balances and Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows. Net investment in capital assets consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances for any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. The Village had no such borrowings. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Village or through external restriction imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments.

D. Assets/Deferred Outflows, Liabilities/Deferred Inflows and Equity (cont'd)

7. Fund Balances and Net Position (cont'd)

The statement of net position presents the Village's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities with the difference reported in three categories:

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position results when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, and the like, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position consists of net position that does not meet the criteria of the two preceding categories.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance as either nonspendable or spendable. Spendable fund balance is further classified as restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned, based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how specific amounts can be spent. The Village's fund balances have the following restrictions and commitments. There are no assigned fund balances at April 30, 2021.

Individual Fund Restrictions, Commitments and Assignments:

The fund balances for the special revenue funds are considered restricted, as the source of these fund balances are dedicated property tax levies, except for the Motor Fuel Tax Fund, which is funded by a legislatively mandated tax, and the Sanctuary Fund, which was initially funded by a private donation to be used for the preservation and maintenance of property conveyed to the Village as a wildlife sanctuary and nature preserve. Also, within the Jensen Memorial Fund, nonmajor permanent funds are considered nonspendable to the extent the source of the funds' fund balances is a permanently restricted donation. Income earned in the permanent funds is also restricted for the purpose of the funds.

D. Assets/Deferred Outflows, Liabilities/Deferred Inflows and Equity (cont'd)

7. Fund Equity/Net Position (cont'd)

Individual Fund Restrictions, Commitments and Assignments (cont'd):

All nonmajor Capital Projects Funds are considered to be committed for capital projects as decreed by the passage of ordinances by the Board of Trustees.

The Village has a portion of the fund balance (\$2,560) in the General Fund that is considered nonspendable, and is intended to offset the prepaid items, and another portion (\$27,291) that represents the remaining balance on contributions received for police equipment that is considered restricted. The remaining fund balance in the General Fund is considered to be unassigned, as those funds are available for the general use of the Village, including funding other fund deficits.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Village considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Village considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed.

8. Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then.

II. Budgetary Information

A. Budget Process

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with the modified accrual basis for all governmental funds. All annual budgeted amounts lapse at year end. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- The budget is prepared in tentative form by the Village Treasurer, reviewed and approved by the Board of Trustees. The appropriations are prepared by the Village Treasurer and are made available for public inspection 30 days prior to final Board action. A public hearing is held on the tentative appropriations to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to August 1, the appropriations are legally adopted by the Board of Trustees. All actual expenditures contained herein have been compared to the annual operating budget.
- The Board of Trustees may:
 - Amend the approved budget in the same manner as its original enactment.
 - Transfer up to ten percent of the total appropriated in a fund between budgeted items within that fund.
 - After six months and by two-thirds vote, amend the budget or transfer amounts between departments and funds. No amendment or transfer shall be made increasing the budget, in the event funds are not available to effectuate the purpose of the amendment or transfer.
 - Adopt a supplemental budget in an amount not to exceed any additional revenue available, including unbudgeted fund balances, or amounts estimated to be received after adoption of the annual budget.
- The Village does not use the encumbrance method of accounting. Budgetary funds are controlled by an integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance with various legal requirements which govern the Village.

B. Expenditures in Excess of Budget

The budget for expenditures presented in this report is as adopted by the Village Board of Trustees, and is less than the amount appropriated. Expenditures exceed budget in the General Fund by \$47,865 and the Social Security Fund by \$1,216. These expenditures were funded by unbudgeted revenue sources or fund balance.

A. Deposits and Investments

The carrying amount of cash and investments at April 30, 2021, is as follows:

	 Village	 lice Pension Frust Fund	Se	Special rvice Area 5 Agency Fund	 Total
Cash on hand	\$ 50	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 50
Cash in banks	 325,843	 -		-	 325,843
Total cash	 325,893	 			 325,893
Money market funds	368,410	34,501		117,964	520,875
Illinois Funds	2,689,578	11,513		41,811	2,742,902
Certificates of deposit	-	160,178		-	160,178
U.S. Government and agency securities	-	1,294,993		-	1,294,993
Corporate bonds	-	317,656		-	317,656
Municipal bonds	-	268,948		-	268,948
Equity mutual funds	 -	 223,216		-	 223,216
Total investments	 3,057,988	 2,311,005		159,775	 5,528,768
Total cash and investments	\$ 3,383,881	\$ 2,311,005	\$	159,775	\$ 5,854,661

The Village's and Special Service Area #5 Agency Fund's money market fund and its Illinois Funds have an investment maturity of less than one year. The carrying value and maturities of the Police Pension Trust Fund's investments at April 30, 2021, are as follows:

	Investment Maturities (in Years)								
		Carrying Value	L	ess than 1		1 to 5	6 to	10	 e than 0
Money market fund U.S. Government and	\$	34,501	\$	34,501	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
agency securities		1,294,993		-		381,351	913	3,642	-
Corporate bonds		317,656		-		242,870	74	1,786	-
Municipal bonds		268,948		-		130,938	138	3,010	-
Equity mutual funds		223,216		223,216				-	 -
Total measured at fair value		2,139,314		257,717		755,159	1,120	6,438	-
Certificates of deposit Illinois Funds		160,178 11,513		- 11,513		135,415 -	24	4,763 -	 -
Total investments	\$	2,311,005	\$	269,230	\$	890,574	\$ 1,15 [.]	1,201	\$ -

A. Deposits and Investments (cont'd)

The Village had the following recurring fair value measurements as of April 30, 2021:

	Fair Value	 Level 1	Leve	2	Leve	el 3
Money market fund	\$ 368,410	\$ 368,410	\$	-	\$	-
Total measured at fair value	368,410	\$ 368,410	\$		\$	-
Illinois Funds	2,689,578					
Total investments	\$ 3,057,988					

Special Service Area #5 Agency Fund had the following recurring fair value measurements as of April 30, 2021:

	F	air Value	 Level 1	Lev	el 2	Lev	el 3
Money market fund	\$	117,964	\$ 117,964	\$	-	\$	-
Total measured at fair value		117,964	\$ 117,964	\$	-	\$	
Illinois Funds		41,811					
Total investments	\$	159,775					

The Police Pension Trust Fund has the following recurring fair value measurements as of April 30, 2021:

	Fa	air Value		Level 1		Level 2	Lev	el 3
Money market fund U.S. Government and	\$	34,501	\$	34,501	\$	-	\$	-
agency securities		1,294,993		-		1,294,993		-
Corporate bonds		317,656		-		317,656		-
Municipal bonds		268,948		-		268,948		-
Equity mutual funds		223,216		223,216		-		-
Total measured at fair value		2,139,314	\$	257,717	\$	1,881,597	\$	
		2,139,314	Ŷ	257,717	þ	1,001,397	φ	-
Certificates of deposit		160,178						
Illinois Funds		11,513						
Total investments	\$	2,311,005						

A. Deposits and Investments (cont'd)

Credit Risk – State law limits investment in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the top three ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). The Village's policy places no further limits beyond those required by state law.

As of April 30, 2021, the Police Pension Trust Fund's investments were rated as follows:

Investment Type		air Value	Moody's Rating		
U.S government and agency securities:					
U.S. Treasury	\$	207,926	NR		
Federal Farm Credit System		762,874	Aaa		
Federal National Mortgage Association		55,647	Aaa		
Federal Home Loan Bank		268,546	Aaa		
Corporate bonds:					
		31,032	Aaa		
		16,413	Aa1		
		54,802	Aa2		
		38,324	Aa3		
		36,989	A1		
		124,494	A2		
		15,602	Baa2		
Municipal bonds:		,			
•		35,942	Aaa		
		91,838	Aa2		
		10,964	Aa3		
		19,894	A1		
		20,857	A2		
		89,453	NR		
NR = Not Rated		,			

The Police Pension Trust Fund limits its exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity, by investing in obligations guaranteed by the United States government, securities issued by agencies of the United States government that are explicitly or implicitly guaranteed by the United States government and investment grade corporate bonds rated at or above Baa by Moody's. The fixed income securities are rated Aaa to Baa2 by Moody's. U.S. Treasury securities are not rated.

A. **Deposits and Investments** (cont'd)

Custodial Credit Risk - For deposits and investments, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Village will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. It is the policy of the Village to invest public funds in a manner which will preserve capital, maintain liquidity, and provide a competitive market return while conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds. Statutes require that all amounts in excess of any insurance limits be collateralized by securities eligible for Village investment. The market value of the pledged securities shall equal or exceed the portion of the deposit requiring collateralization. The Police Pension Trust Fund's investment policy requires all bank balances to be covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized by the financial institution. The Police Pension Trust Fund's investment policy requires that its investments are registered in the name of the Police Pension Trust Fund and placed with a custodian approved by the Police Pension Trust Fund's Board so long as the custodian meets the requirements of State of Illinois statutes. All cash in banks and certificates of deposit were within FDIC insurance limits at April 30, 2021, or supplemented by collateral agreements with the related financial institution.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The Village's investment policy places no limit on the amount the Village may invest in any one issuer. The Village has investments in the Illinois Funds that exceeds 5% of the Village's investments. For the Police Pension Trust Fund, the following investments (other than those issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government, mutual funds, and other pooled investments) represent 5% or more of net position available for benefits:

Investment Type	% of Net Position
	22.00%
Federal Farm Credit System securities	32.86%
Federal Home Loan Bank securities	11.57%

A. **Deposits and Investments** (cont'd)

Interest Rate Risk – This is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Village structures its investment portfolio so that deposits and investments meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and special projects, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market at unfavorable times.

In accordance with their investment policy, both the Police Pension Trust Fund limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolios to provide liquidity for operating funds and maximizing yields for funds not needed for expected current cash flows. The Police Pension Trust Fund investment policy indicates the average maturity/duration of the portfolio will be managed based on the existing interest rate environment, and under most circumstances, will be maintained at approximately 5 years and will range from 2-7 years, except that the investment manager may change the duration of the portfolio as market conditions permit.

The Village's investment policy structures maturities of securities and invests operating funds in shorter-term securities, money market funds, or similar investment pools as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. At April 30, 2021, the Village's investments are invested in the Illinois Funds, a highly liquid short-term maturity investment pool, and a money market fund.

Other Information – The Illinois Funds Investment Pool (Pool) is not registered with the SEC. The Illinois State Treasury administers the Pool and oversight is provided by the Auditor General's Office of the State of Illinois. The fair value of the positions in this Pool is the same as the value of the Pool shares. Separate financial statements for the Pool can be found on the Illinois State Treasurer's website. The Illinois Funds Investment Pool was rated AAAmf by Fitch Ratings, Inc.

B. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2021, is as follows:

	Balances May 1, 2020		Additions				tirements	Balances April 30, 2021	
Governmental Activities Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$	3,014,502	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	3,014,502	
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and									
improvements		309,679		-		-		309,679	
Infrastructure		57,005		-		-		57,005	
Machinery and equipment		140,443		57,503		(15,914)		182,032	
Vehicles		416,431		119,548		(94,092)		441,887	
Less accumulated		923,558		177,051		(110,006)		990,603	
depreciation:									
Building improvements		81,173		9,295		-		90,468	
Infrastructure		36,831		2,280		-		39,111	
Machinery and equipment		131,683		8,287		(15,914)		124,056	
Vehicles		237,169		57,928		(81,211)		213,886	
		486,856		77,790		(97,125)		467,521	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		436,702		99,261		(12,881)		523,082	
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$	3,451,204	\$	99,261	\$	(12,881)	\$	3,537,584	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities of the primary government, as follows:

General government Public safety	\$ 5,326 37,856
Highways and streets Total depreciation – governmental activities	\$ 34,608 77,790

C. Commitments

KaneComm

The Village is a subscriber to Kane County Emergency Communications (KaneComm). Under the subscription agreement, KaneComm provides all necessary 911 communications and dispatch services. The agreement with KaneComm dated May 1, 2017, extends through March 2022, and may be automatically renewed for successive one-year periods unless the Village notifies KaneComm of its intent to withdraw. There are early termination features in the agreement, which generally would require the Village to make a substantial payment to KaneComm which is not estimable at this time.

KaneComm assesses a one-time non-refundable implementation fee of two percent of KaneComm's current fiscal year annual operating budget. In addition to the implementation fee, fees due to KaneComm under the agreement are divided into two cost components - a base fee and a usage fee. Both cost components are determined using the Village's percentage of calls for service as a percentage of total calls. The base fee is a flat amount that ranges from \$5,000 to \$25,000 depending on the Village's percentage of calls for service. The usage fee is computed by taking the Village's percentage of calls for service multiplied by the difference in the KaneComm operating budget less base fees.

After the first year of the agreement, total costs for the Village are not to exceed five percent over the previous year's cost unless the Village's calls for service volume increases by more than fifty percent. The Village is committed to KaneComm for any debt attributable to the Village while a member of KaneComm, which would be incorporated into the base fee. The current year expenditures and expense to the Village under this agreement totaled \$45,754 and is included in the general fund public safety contractual services expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and public safety expenses on the government-wide statement of activities.

IV. Other Information

A. Permanent Fund

In October 2010, the Village received a \$100,000 donation to establish a permanent endowment in memory of a past trustee. Any earnings above the original donation are available for the preservation and maintenance of parks and other open space controlled by the Village. The original donation is reported as nonspendable net position on the statement of net position and on the balance sheet – governmental funds. Cumulative unexpended investment earnings of \$6,512 at April 30, 2021, is reported as expendable restricted net position on the statement of net position on the statement of net position on the statement of net position, and as restricted fund balance on the balance sheet – governmental funds.

B. Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. For all claims, settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance in the current or three prior years.

Effective January 1, 2014, the Village became a member of the Illinois Municipal League Risk Management Association (IMLRMA), a joint risk management pool through which property, general liability, automobile liability, crime, boiler and machinery, public officials' and workers' compensation coverage is provided in excess of specified limits for the members, acting as a single insurable unit. The difference between the coverage limit and the self-insured retention represented the amount payable by the Association's reinsurance. The Village made an annual contribution of \$55,343 to IMLRMA during the year ended April 30, 2021.

C. Police Pension Plan

General Information About the Pension Plan

Plan Description – Police sworn personnel are covered by the Police Pension Plan, which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contributions levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The Village accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

The plan is governed by a five-member Board of Trustees. Two members of the Board of Trustees are appointed by the Village's President, one member is elected by pension beneficiaries, and two members are elected by active police employees.

The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

At April 30, 2021, the Police Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries	7
Inactive, non-retired members	1
Active members	0
Total	8

C. **Police Pension Plan** (cont'd)

General Information About the Pension Plan (cont'd)

Benefits Provided – The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of 2.5% of final salary for each year of service up to 30 years, to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least 8 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit of 2.5% of final salary for each year of service. Surviving spouses receive 100% of final salary for fatalities resulting from an act of duty, or otherwise the greater of 50% of final salary or the employee's retirement benefit. Employees disabled in the line of duty receive 65% of final salary.

The monthly pension of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977, is increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the originally granted pension. Beginning with increases granted on or after July 1, 1993, the second and subsequent automatic annual increases shall be calculated as 3% of the amount of the pension payable at the time of the increase.

For employees hired after January 1, 2011, the normal retirement age is attainment of age 55 and completion of 10 years of service; early retirement age is attainment of age 50, completion of 10 years of service and the early retirement factor is 6% per year. The employee's accrued benefit is based on their final 8-year average salary not to exceed \$106,800 (as indexed). Cost of living adjustments are simple increases, not compounded, and are the lesser of 3% or 50% of CPI beginning the later of the anniversary date or age 60. Surviving spouses receive 66.67% of the employee's benefit at the time of death.

Contributions – Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by Plan members as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. By the year 2041, the Village's contributions must accumulate to the point where the past service cost for the Police Pension Plan is fully funded. Actuarial valuations are performed annually. For the year ended April 30, 2021, the Village's contribution was 356% of covered payroll.

C. **Police Pension Plan** (cont'd)

General Information About the Pension Plan (cont'd)

Investment Policy – The pension plan's investment policy was established in accordance with provisions of the Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) for pension plans, and may be amended by the Pension Board of Trustees. It is the policy of the Pension Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk though the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The primary policies of the fund, in order of priority are safety, liquidity and return on investment.

The ILCS limit the Police Pension Trust Fund's investments in equities, mutual funds and variable annuities to 10%. Securities in any one company should not exceed 5% of the total fund.

The long-term expected rate of return on the Police Pension Trust Fund's investments was determined using an asset allocation study conducted by the Police Pension Trust Fund's investment management consultant in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return excluding inflation for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of April 30, 2021, are listed in the following table.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Equity Investments	10%	
Large Cap Domestic Equity		5.80%
Small Cap Domestic Equity		7.60%
International Equity		7.10%
Fixed Income	90%	1.30%

Investment Valuations – Equity mutual funds and debt securities in the Police Pension Trust Fund are stated at fair value as of the trade date. Fair value is based on quoted market prices at April 30, for debt securities and equity mutual funds.

Investment Concentrations – There are no assets legally reserved for purposes other than the payment of plan member benefits. There are no long-term contracts for contributions.

C. Police Pension Plan (cont'd)

General Information About the Pension Plan (cont'd)

Investment Rate of Return – For the year ended April 30, 2021, the annual moneyweighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 2.14%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net Pension Liability

The Police Pension Plan's net pension liability was measured as of April 30, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Valuation and Assumptions – The actuarial assumptions used in the April 30, 2021, valuation were based on a 2020 comprehensive study of Police Officers and Police Pension Funds in Illinois conducted by Lauterbach and Amen. The valuation was done using the entry age normal actuarial cost method and the market value asset valuation method. The total pension liability in the April 30, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Discount rate used for the total pension liability	5.00%
Long-term expected rate of return on plan assets	5.00%
High quality 20-year tax- exempt G.O. bond rate	2.27%
Projected individual pay increases	3.00%
Projected increase in total payroll	3.00%
Consumer price index (Urban) Inflation rate included	2.25% 2.25%
Retirement age	L&A 2020 Illinois Police Retirement Rates capped at age 65
Disability rates	L&A 2020 Illinois Police Disability Rates
Termination rates	L&A 2020 Illinois Police Termination Rates
Mortality	Pub-2010 Adjusted for Plan Status, Demographics, and Illinois Public Pension Data, as Described
Percent married	80%

C. **Police Pension Plan** (cont'd)

Net Pension Liability (cont'd)

Actuarial Valuation and Assumptions (cont'd) – The actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payrolls on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at April 30, 2021, was 21 years.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used in the determination of the total pension liability is based on a combination of the expected long-term rate of return on plan investments and the municipal bond rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.00%, and was unchanged from the prior period. The discount rate is impacted by a couple of metrics. Any change in the underlying High Quality 20-Year Tax Exempt G.O. Bond Rate (assumed at 2.27% at April 30, 2021, and 2.56% in the prior year) will impact the blended discount rate. In addition, there are changes that can be made that impact the projection of the net position of the fund. For example, changes in the formal or informal funding policy can impact the discount rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and the Village contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

	 Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary et Position	N	et Pension (Asset) Liability
Balance, April 30, 2020	\$ 5,626,315	\$ 2,214,475	\$	3,411,840
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	33,957	-		33,957
Interest	278,985	-		278,985
Differences between expected				
and actual experience	83,366	-		83,366
Contributions - employer	-	250,000		(250,000)
Contributions - employee	-	7,139		(7,139)
Net investment income	-	100,534		(100,534)
Benefit payments, including refunds				
of employee contributions	(252,735)	(252,735)		-
Administrative expenses	-	(10,778)		10,778
Prior period adjustment	 -	 13,136		(13,136)
Net changes	 143,573	 107,296		36,277
Balances at April 30, 2021	\$ 5,769,888	\$ 2,321,771	\$	3,448,117

C. Police Pension Plan (cont'd)

Net Pension Liability (cont'd)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

Discount Rate Sensitivity – The following presents the net pension liability of the Village, calculated using the Discount Rate, as well as what the Village's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point higher or lower than the current rate:

				Current		
	19	6 Decrease	Di	scount Rate	19	% Increase
		(4.00%)		(5.00%)		(6.00%)
				· · ·		
Net Pension Liability	\$	4,241,487	\$	3,448,117	\$	2,794,436

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2021, the Village recognized pension expense to the Police Pension Plan of \$268,247. At April 30, 2021, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Police Pension Plan from the following sources:

	Outflo	erred ows of urces	Inf	eferred lows of sources	Inf	Deferred ows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings in pension plan investments		-		7,267		7,267
Total	\$	-	\$	7,267	\$	7,267

C. Police Pension Plan (cont'd)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (cont'd)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

\$ 7,487
(3,092)
(13,668)
 2,006
\$ (7,267)
\$

D. New Governmental Accounting Standards

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued several other pronouncements that become effective in future years, including GASB Statement No. 95 that postponed the effective date of most of these statements by one year due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The effective dates shown below are the newly extended effective dates

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, addresses the accounting and financial reporting requirements for leases by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows and outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contracts, and is effective for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, requires interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in business-type activity or enterprise fund financial statements. Statement No. 89 is effective for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations,* provides for a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice. Statement No. 91 is effective for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2023.

D. New Governmental Accounting Standards (cont'd)

GASB Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020,* improves the consistency and comparability in accounting and financial reporting by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. Statement No. 92 is effective for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*, addresses the accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an interbank offered rate in derivative instruments and lease agreements. Statement No. 93 is effective for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, improves financial reporting by establishing definitions of public-public and public-private arrangements (PPPs), and availability payment arrangements (APAs), and providing uniform guidance on accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet these definitions. Statement No. 94 is effective for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2024.

GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements,* improves financial reporting by establishing definitions of subscription-based information technology arrangements, and providing uniform guidance on accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet these definitions. Statement No. 96 is effective for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2024.

GASB Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans,* improves financial reporting by increasing consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units including Internal Revenue Code Section 457 deferred compensation plans and the benefits provided through these plans. Statement No. 97 is effective for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2023.

Management has not yet completed its assessment of these statements and a determination as to their impact on the overall financial statement presentation has not been made.

E. Subsequent Events

In July 2021, the Village received notification from the Illinois Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity that they are eligible to receive up to approximately \$330,000 from the Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery Fund, which was established with the American Rescue Plan Act for cities, villages, and towns with populations of less than 50,000. Allocations from this program can be used to cover revenue losses and the costs of responding to the COVID-19 public health emergency or to its negative economic impacts on households, small businesses, impacted industries, essential workers, and the communities hardest-hit by the crisis. These funds can also be used to invest in building, maintaining, or upgrading water, sewer, and broadband infrastructure. Allocations to communities are made on a per-capita basis in two payments. Under the program, local governments will receive their allocation in two payments. The first payment will be made within 30 days of portal completion, the second to be made approximately one year later. The Village's first allocation of approximately \$165,000 of this amount was received in August 2021.

Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 19, 2021, the date these financial statements were available to be issued.

F. Risks and Uncertainties

In January 2020, the World Health Organization has declared the outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) as a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern". COVID-19 has continued to spread throughout the world and has adversely impacted global commercial activity. The full future impact which COVID-19's spread will have on the Village's financial condition cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

G. Prior Period Adjustment

The Village restated fund balance in the Special Service Area #5 custodial fund to record the beginning net position of this custodial fund in order to implement GASB 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The opening balance of net position of the fund was adjusted to \$140,549 at May 1, 2020. Net position of the fund, as previously reported at April 30, 2020, was \$0.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Village of Wayne, Illinois Police Pension Fund Required Supplementary Information - Multiyear Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

	 2021		2020
Total pension liability: Service cost Interest	\$ 33,957 278,985	\$	35,372 258,741
Changes in benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of	- 83,366 -		- 166,315 (10,599)
member contributions	 (252,735)		(251,169)
Net change in total pension liability	143,573		198,660
Total pension liability, beginning of year	 5,626,315		5,427,655
Total pension liability, end of year	\$ 5,769,888	\$	5,626,315
Plan fiduciary net position: Contributions - employer Contributions - member Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expense Prior period audit adjustment	\$ 250,000 7,139 100,534 (252,735) (10,778) 13,136	\$	274,997 8,721 180,171 (251,169) (24,584) (5,621)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	107,296		182,515
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of year	 2,214,475		2,031,960
Plan fiduciary net position, end of year	\$ 2,321,771	\$	2,214,475
Employer's net pension liability	\$ 3,448,117	\$	3,411,840
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	 40.24%		39.36%
Covered employee payroll	\$ 70,160	\$	91,325
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	 4914.65%	. <u> </u>	3735.93%

See independent auditor's report.

2019	 2018	 2017	 2016
\$ 47,485 247,662	\$ 65,936 245,672	\$ 62,796 232,585	\$ 108,882 222,885
- 156,062 (27,794)	- 1,237 107,942	- 159,793 1,780	-
 (225,472)	 (209,025)	 (181,421)	 (94,081)
197,943	211,762	275,533	237,686
 5,229,712	 5,017,950	 4,742,417	 4,504,731
\$ 5,427,655	\$ 5,229,712	\$ 5,017,950	\$ 4,742,417
\$ 225,000 8,108 47,162 (225,472) (39,925)	\$ 208,708 16,738 45,539 (209,025) (10,841)	\$ 190,000 19,846 48,252 (181,421) (9,570)	\$ 208,708 34,196 6,081 (94,081) (8,687)
 14,873 2,017,087	 51,119 1,965,968	 67,107 1,898,861	 146,217 1,752,644
\$ 2,031,960	\$ 2,017,087	\$ 1,965,968	\$ 1,898,861
\$ 3,395,695	\$ 3,212,625	\$ 3,051,982	\$ 2,843,556
37.44%	 38.57%	 39.18%	 40.04%
\$ 81,815	\$ 160,016	\$ 288,096	\$ 362,971
 4150.46%	 2007.69%	 1059.36%	 783.41%

Village of Wayne, Illinois Police Pension Fund Required Supplementary Information -Multiyear Schedule of Employer Contributions

	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 208,561	\$ 171,612	\$ 172,561	\$ 176,919
Contributions in relation to actuarially determined contribution	 250,000	 274,997	 225,000	 208,708
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (41,439)	\$ (103,385)	\$ (52,439)	\$ (31,789)
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 70,160	\$ 91,325	\$ 81,815	\$ 160,016
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	356.33%	301.12%	275.01%	130.43%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit
Actuarial Asset Method	Level % Pay (Closed)
Remaining Amortization Period	21 Years
Inflation (CPI-U)	2.50%
Payroll Increases	3.50%
Individual Pay Increases	3.50% - 11.00%
Investment Rate of Return	4.75%
Mortality	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant with Blue Collar Data, as Described
Retirement Age	Illinois Dept. of Insurance Actuarial Experience Study Dated 10/05/17
Disability Rates	Illinois Dept. of Insurance Actuarial Experience Study Dated 10/05/17
Termination Rates	Illinois Dept. of Insurance Actuarial Experience Study Dated 10/05/17

The actuarially determined contribution shown for the current year is the statutory minimum requirement from the May 1, 2019, actuary's report completed by the Illinois Department of Insurance for the tax levy recommendation for the December 2019 tax levy. Actuarially determined contributions shown for years prior to 2019 are based on full funding recommendations using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method and targeting 100% funding.

 2017 2016 2		2015 2014			 2013	2012			
\$ 193,272	\$	193,272	\$	182,215	\$	184,777	\$ 194,391	\$	182,083
 190,000		208,708		200,000		282,913	 157,000		126,679
\$ 3,272	\$	(15,436)	\$	(17,785)	\$	(98,136)	\$ 37,391	\$	55,404
\$ 288,096	\$	362,971	\$	293,222	\$	313,569	\$ 325,774	\$	322,709
65.95%		57.50%		68.21%		90.22%	48.19%		39.25%

SUPPLEMENTAL SECTION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Social Security Fund – To account for revenues derived from a specific annual property tax levy and employee contributions which are fixed by law and subsequently paid to the United States Treasury Social Security Fund.

Audit Fund – To account for revenues derived from a specific annual property tax levy and expenditure of these monies for the annual audit of the Village.

Road and Bridge Fund – To account for revenues derived from a specific annual property tax levy and expenditures of these monies for street and bridge repairs and maintenance.

Motor Fuel Tax Fund – To account for revenues derived from the state of Illinois motor fuel taxes and expenditures of these monies for road repairs and maintenance.

Special Service Area #3 Fund – To account for revenues derived from a specific annual property tax levy and expenditures of these monies for the special service area.

Special Service Area #4 Fund – To account for revenues derived from a specific annual property tax levy and expenditures of these monies for the special service area.

Sanctuary Fund – To account for revenues received and expenditures for sanctuary maintenance.

Capital Projects Funds

School Fund – To account for the contributions, grants, and other income received from third parties, and expenditures for school projects within the Village as directed by the appropriate School District and agreed to by the Village Board.

Park Fund – To account for the contributions, grants and other income received and expenditures for capital projects.

Special Service Area #5 Fund – To account for proceeds from SSA #5 bonds and expenditures of these monies for the Special Service Area.

Permanent Funds

William T. Jensen III Memorial Fund – To account for contributions received, investment income and park maintenance expenses related to the William T. Jensen III endowment.

Village of Wayne, Illinois Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds April 30, 2021

				Special Rev	venue Funds	i
	Social		Road and	Motor	Special	Special
	Security	Audit	Bridge	Fuel Tax	Service	Service
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Area #3	Area #4
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and investments	\$ 40,426	\$ 908	\$ 54,058	\$ 269,291	\$ 29,484	\$ 129,107
Receivables:	÷ -, -	,	¥ - ,	÷, -	÷ -, -	Ŧ -, -
Motor fuel taxes	-	-	-	8,008	-	-
Property taxes, net of allowance						
for uncollectible taxes	24,565	10,744			15,000	11,117
Total assets	\$ 64,991	\$ 11,652	\$ 54,058	\$ 277,299	\$ 44,484	\$ 140,224
	. ,	. ,	. ,		. ,	
Liabilities						
Accrued payroll taxes	\$ 675	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Property taxes	24,565	10,744			15,000	11,117
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	25,240	10,744	-	-	15,000	11,117
					10,000	
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted for:						
Donor purposes	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retirement	39,751	-	-	-	-	-
Audit	-	908	-	-	-	-
Road and bridge maintenance	-	-	54,058	277,299	-	-
Special service areas	-	-	-	-	29,484	129,107
Committed for capital outlay						
Total fund balances	39,751	908	54,058	277,299	29,484	129,107
Total liabilities and						
fund balances	\$ 64,991	\$ 11,652	\$ 54,058	\$ 277,299	\$ 44,484	\$ 140,224

See independent auditor's report.

		 С	apital Proje		6	Permanent Fund	-	Total onmajor
Sanctuary Fund	Total	School Fund	Park Fund	Special Service Area #5	Total	Jensen Memorial Fund		Govern- mental Funds
\$ 75,600	\$ 598,874	\$ 53,003	\$ 88,286	\$4,544	\$ 145,833	\$ 106,512	\$	851,219
-	8,008	-	-	-	-	-		8,008
-	61,426	 -						61,426
\$ 75,600	\$ 668,308	\$ 53,003	\$ 88,286	\$4,544	\$ 145,833	\$ 106,512	\$	920,653
\$ -	\$ 675	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	<u>\$ </u>	\$	675
-	61,426	 			-			61,426
-	62,101	 						62,101
-	-	-	-	-	-	100,000		100,000
75,600	75,600 39,751	-	-	-	-	6,512		82,112 39,751
-	908	-	-	-	-	-		39,731 908
-	331,357	-	-	-	-	-		331,357
-	158,591	- 53,003	- 88,286	- 4,544	- 145,833	-		158,591 145,833
- 75,600	- 606,207	 53,003	88,286	4,544	145,833			858,552
10,000	000,207	 00,000	00,200	-, 0++	140,000	100,012		000,002
\$ 75,600	\$ 668,308	\$ 53,003	\$ 88,286	\$4,544	\$ 145,833	\$ 106,512	\$	920,653

Village of Wayne, Illinois Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Social Security	Audit	Road and Bridge	Motor Fuel Tax	Special Service	Special Service	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Area #3	Area #4	
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$ 49,380	\$ 10,603	\$ 2,549	\$-	\$ 15,020	\$ 11,094	
Road and bridge taxes	-	-	210	-	-	-	
State income tax	250	3,399	-	-	-	-	
Motor fuel tax allotments	-	-	-	87,040	-	-	
Grants and contributions	-	-	-	80,106	-	-	
Interest			92	295		-	
Total revenues	49,630	14,002	2,851	167,441	15,020	11,094	
Expenditures: General government: Audit		14,900					
Payroll taxes	51,074	14,900	-	-	-	-	
Highways and streets		-	-	-	5,078	-	
0,					<u> </u>		
Total expenditures	51,074	14,900			5,078		
Net changes in fund balances	(1,444)	(898)	2,851	167,441	9,942	11,094	
Fund balances, beginning of the year	41,195	1,806	51,207	109,858	19,542	118,013	
Fund balances, end of the year	\$ 39,751	\$ 908	\$ 54,058	\$ 277,299	\$ 29,484	\$ 129,107	

Sanctuary Fund Total		Capital Proje School Park Fund Fund		ects Funds Special Service Area #5 Total		Permanent Fund Jensen Memorial Fund	Total Nonmajor Govern- mental Funds	
\$ - - - 144	\$ 88,646 210 3,649 87,040 80,106 531	\$ - - - - 101	\$ - - - - 167	\$ - - - - 9	\$ - - - - 277	\$ - - - - 202	\$ 88,646 210 3,649 87,040 80,106 1,010	
144	260,182	101	167	9	277	202	260,661	
	14,900 51,074 5,078	- - -	- - -	- -	-	- - -	14,900 51,074 5,078	
-	71,052	-	-	-	-	-	71,052	
144	189,130	101	167	9	277	202	189,609	
75,456	417,077	52,902	88,119	4,535	145,556	106,310	668,943	
\$ 75,600	\$ 606,207	\$ 53,003	\$ 88,286	\$4,544	\$ 145,833	\$ 106,512	\$ 858,552	

Village of Wayne, Illinois Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Social Security Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

	a	Driginal nd Final Budget	 Actual	Wi B P	ariance th Final oudget ositive egative)
Revenues: Property taxes	\$	49,711	\$ 49,380	\$	(331)
State income tax		146	 250		104
Total revenues		49,857	49,630		(227)
Expenditures - current - payroll taxes		49,858	 51,074		(1,216)
Revenues under expenditures	\$	(1)	(1,444)	\$	(1,443)
Fund balance, beginning of the year			 41,195		
Fund balance, end of the year			\$ 39,751		

Village of Wayne, Illinois Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Audit Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

	a	Driginal nd Final Budget	 Actual	Wit B Po	riance th Final udget ositive egative)
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$	10,643	\$ 10,603	\$	(40)
State income tax		1,991	 3,399		1,408
Total revenues		12,634	 14,002		1,368
Expenditures - current - auditing expenditures		14,935	 14,900		35
Revenues under expenditures	\$	(2,301)	(898)	\$	1,403
Fund balance, beginning of the year			 1,806		
Fund balance, end of the year			\$ 908		

Village of Wayne, Illinois Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Road and Bridge Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

	a	Driginal nd Final Budget	 Actual	W E F	ariance ith Final Budget Positive egative)
Revenues: Property taxes Road and bridge taxes Interest	\$	- - -	\$ 2,549 210 92	\$	2,549 210 92
Total revenues			 2,851		2,851
Expenditures		50,000	 -		50,000
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(50,000)	2,851	\$	52,851
Fund balance, beginning of the year			 51,207		
Fund balance, end of the year			\$ 54,058		

Village of Wayne, Illinois Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Motor Fuel Tax Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

	a	Driginal nd Final Budget	 Actual	M	/ariance /ith Final Budget Positive Vegative)
Revenues: Motor fuel tax allotments Grants and contracts Interest	\$	- - -	\$ 87,040 80,106 295	\$	87,040 80,106 295
Total revenues		-	 167,441		167,441
Expenditures - current - general government - highways and streets		140,000	 -		140,000
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(140,000)	167,441	\$	307,441
Fund balance, beginning of the year			 109,858		
Fund balance, end of the year			\$ 277,299		

Village of Wayne, Illinois Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Special Service Area #3 Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

	ar	Driginal nd Final Budget	 Actual	Wi B P	ariance th Final oudget ositive egative)
Revenues - property taxes	\$	15,000	\$ 15,020	\$	20
Expenditures: Current - general government - highways and streets: Contractual services		12,500	<u>-</u>		12,500
Repairs and maintenance		2,500	 5,078		(2,578)
Total expenditures		15,000	 5,078		9,922
Revenues over expenditures	\$	-	9,942	\$	9,942
Fund balance, beginning of the year			 19,542		
Fund balance, end of the year			\$ 29,484		

Village of Wayne, Illinois Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Special Service Area #4 Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

	ar	Driginal Id Final Budget	 Actual	Wi E P	ariance ith Final Budget ositive egative)
Revenues - property taxes	\$	11,000	\$ 11,094	\$	94
Expenditures: Current - general government - highways and streets:					
Contractual services		775	-		775
Repairs and maintenance		10,225	 		10,225
Total expenditures		11,000	 -		11,000
Revenues over expenditures	\$	-	11,094	\$	11,094
Fund balance, beginning of the year			 118,013		
Fund balance, end of the year			\$ 129,107		

Village of Wayne, Illinois Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Sanctuary Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

	а	Driginal nd Final Budget	 Actual	W E F	ariance ith Final Budget Positive egative)
Revenues - interest	\$		\$ 144	\$	144
Expenditures - contractual services		95,000	 -		95,000
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(95,000)	144	\$	95,144
Fund balance, beginning of the year			 75,456		
Fund balance, end of the year			\$ 75,600		

Village of Wayne, Illinois Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual School Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

	a	Driginal nd Final Budget		Actual	W E P	ariance ith Final Budget Positive egative)
Revenues:	¢		۴	404	¢	404
Interest	\$		\$	101	\$	101
Total revenues		-		101		101
Expenditures: Current - general government -						
administration Capital outlay - land improvements		20,000		-		20,000
and equipment		35,000		-		35,000
Total expenditures		55,000		-		55,000
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(55,000)		101	\$	55,101
Fund balance, beginning of the year				52,902		
Fund balance, end of the year			\$	53,003		

Village of Wayne, Illinois Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Park Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Original and Final Budget	Actua	1	۷۷ ا F	′ariance ′ith Final 3udget Positive legative)
Revenues - interest	\$-	\$	167	\$	167
Expenditures: Current - general government - administration Capital outlay - land improvements	10,000		-		10,000
and equipment	95,000		-		95,000
Total expenditures	105,000		-		105,000
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (105,000)		167	\$	105,167
Fund balance, beginning of the year		88,	119		
Fund balance, end of the year		\$ 88,2	286		

Village of Wayne, Illinois Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual William T. Jensen III Memorial Fund For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

	ar	Driginal nd Final Budget	 Actual	Wi B Pe	ariance th Final udget ositive egative)
Revenues - interest	\$	-	\$ 202	\$	202
Expenditures - park maintenance		1,000	 -		1,000
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(1,000)	202	\$	1,202
Fund balance, beginning of the year			 106,310		
Fund balance, end of the year			\$ 106,512		

OTHER FINANCIAL SCHEDULES

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds

Capital assets used in the operation of governmental funds are not reported in the fund financial statements, but are reported on the statement of net position at the entity-wide level.

Adequate accounting procedures and records for fixed assets are essential to the protective custody of governmental property. The responsibility of stewardship for substantial investments can be effectively discharged only through adequate fixed asset accounting.

Village of Wayne, Illinois Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule by Source April 30, 2021

General fixed assets: Land Building improvements Infrastructure Equipment Vehicles	\$ 3,014,502 309,679 57,005 182,032 441,887
Total	\$ 4,005,105
Investment in general fixed assets: Donations General, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds	\$ 2,621,512 1,383,593
Total	\$ 4,005,105

Village of Wayne, Illinois Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule by Function and Activity April 30, 2021

		Function and Activit	у	
		Street and		
	General	Bridge	Police	
	Government	(Public Works)	Protection	Total
Land	\$ 3,014,502	\$-	\$-	\$ 3,014,502
Building and improvements	55,232	254,447	-	309,679
Infrastructure	57,005	-	-	57,005
Equipment	62,790	57,725	61,517	182,032
Vehicles		209,272	232,615	441,887
Total	\$ 3,189,529	\$ 521,444	\$ 294,132	\$ 4,005,105

Village of Wayne, Illinois Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule of Changes By Function and Activity For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Balances May 1,	A	Additions	Re	tirements	Balances April 30,
Function and activity:						
General Government	\$ 3,195,344	\$	10,100	\$	(15,915)	\$ 3,189,529
Street and Bridge (Public Works)	470,581		108,886		(58,023)	521,444
Police Protection	272,135		58,065		(36,068)	294,132
Total	\$ 3,938,060	\$	177,051	\$	(110,006)	\$ 4,005,105

Long-term Debt Payable by Special Service Area #5

Long-term debt payable by Special Service Area #5 was issued for the private road construction and maintenance for homeowners within the service area. The Village levies property taxes on the homeowners for the repayment of the bonds payable.

Village of Wayne, Illinois Long-term Debt Requirements Special Service Area #5 Special Tax Bonds April 30, 2021

		Series 2	nds					
Bond date Interest rate Principal payment date Interest payment dates Payable from	August 23, 2007 5.80% January 15 July 15 and January 15 Special Service Area #5							
	F	uture Princi	pal ar	nd Interest F	Requ	irements		
Due Date		Principal		nterest		Total		
04/30/22 04/30/23	\$	25,000 115,000	\$	8,120 6,670	\$	33,120 121,670		
	\$	140,000	\$	14,790	\$	154,790		

The Village acts in a custodial capacity, collecting special tax assessments from property owners in the Special Service Area #5 and making principal and interest payments on the above bonds. The Village is not obligated in any manner for this obligation.

STATISTICAL INFORMATION

Village of Wayne, Illinois General Governmental Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended April 30,	-	Village Property Taxes	Police Pension Property Taxes	Inc	State come Tax	 Other Taxes	estment acome	Lice	Permits, enses and affic Fines	 Other	Total
2012	\$	587,615	\$ 121,945	\$	198,871	\$ 432,985	\$ 4,041	\$	170,882	\$ 259,959	\$ 1,776,298
2013		624,952	102,425		240,120	437,319	4,112		180,931	100,361	1,690,220
2014		624,466	126,844		236,891	440,088	2,282		168,975	34,375	1,633,921
2015		629,697	142,777		238,078	432,250	2,048		191,423	281,826	1,918,099
2016		635,915	143,489		292,237	443,144	4,757		238,155	87,464	1,845,161
2017		633,693	154,968		196,630	446,224	19,212		192,666	12,318	1,655,711
2018		642,321	154,386		269,191	416,616	25,957		219,254	87,722	1,815,447
2019		657,691	166,498		251,343	436,462	55,335		227,977	21,828	1,817,134
2020		677,099	164,282		239,111	456,937	56,085		288,702	119,607	2,001,823
2021		689,653	171,116		315,791	529,846	10,166		234,717	209,261	2,160,550

Data source: Village of Wayne annual financial reports.

Village of Wayne, Illinois General Governmental Expenditures by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal														
Year					Police			St	treet and			F	Repairs	
Ended	(General	Police	F	Pension	(Capital		Bridge		Social		and	
April 30,	Go	vernment	Protection	Сс	ontribution	Exp	penditures	Ма	intenance	5	Security	Ма	intenance	Total
2012	\$	393,938	\$ 722,384	\$	126,679	\$	11,093	\$	338,591	\$	48,764	\$	50,235	\$ 1,691,684
2013		281,281	719,967		157,000		45,043		109,216		45,076		49,011	1,406,594
2014		287,754	721,863		282,913		58,096		189,786		47,292		54,851	1,642,555
2015		295,602	741,766		200,000		221,164		247,656		48,416		66,506	1,821,110
2016		290,196	742,216		208,708		398,347		358,203		48,557		69,487	2,115,714
2017		288,181	720,070		190,000		76,820		240,329		48,520		63,438	1,627,358
2018		244,743	734,788		208,708		67,078		350,508		50,666		60,426	1,716,917
2019		217,702	691,203		225,000		156,938		313,876		48,330		79,683	1,732,732
2020		217,232	621,014		274,997		228,869		212,848		46,161		92,814	1,693,935
2021		234,473	704,932		250,000		146,264		328,752		51,074		86,502	1,801,997

Data source: Village of Wayne annual financial reports.

Village of Wayne, Illinois Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Kane County:

Fiscal Year Ended April 30,	Tax Year Levy	Total Tax Levy	Total Fax Levy Extension		otal Tax	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy Extension	Fro	ustments om Prior Years	Percent of Delinquent Taxes of Tax Levy Extension
2012	2010	\$298,799	\$ 298,799	\$	298,223	99.81%	\$	576	0.19%
2013	2011	318,190	314,260	-	313,638	99.80%		622	0.20%
2014	2012	336,950	336,950		329,159	97.69%		7,791	2.31%
2015	2013	342,874	342,874		342,373	99.85%		501	0.15%
2016	2014	349,605	349,605		348,329	99.64%		1,276	0.36%
2017	2015	355,467	355,467		355,649	100.05%		-	0.00%
2018	2016	349,076	349,076		347,401	99.52%		1,675	0.48%
2019	2017	364,609	364,609		363,891	99.80%		718	0.20%
2020	2018	367,667	367,667		367,576	99.98%		91	0.02%
2021	2019	376,174	376,174		375,798	99.90%		-	0.00%

Includes Corporate, Police Protection, Police Pension, Audit, Liability Insurance, Street and Bridge, and Social Security Funds.

Data source: Kane County Collector

DuPage County:

Fiscal Year Ended April 30,	Tax Year Levy	Total Tax Levy	Total Tax Levy Extension	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy Extension	Adjustments From Prior Years	Percent of Delinquent Taxes of Tax Levy Extension
2012	2010	\$381,222	\$ 381,222	\$ 381,517	100.08%	\$-	0.00%
2013	2011	383,668	383,668	383,807	100.04%	-	0.00%
2014	2012	386,149	386,149	385,568	99.85%	581	0.15%
2015	2013	397,163	397,163	396,348	99.79%	815	0.21%
2016	2014	403,126	403,126	402,204	99.77%	922	0.23%
2017	2015	405,996	405,996	404,399	99.61%	1,597	0.39%
2018	2016	421,011	421,011	420,511	99.88%	500	0.12%
2019	2017	431,476	431,476	431,440	99.99%	36	0.01%
2020	2018	447,508	447,508	447,379	99.97%	129	0.03%
2021	2019	456,944	456,944	456,307	99.86%	637	0.14%

Includes Corporate, Police Protection, Police Pension, Audit, Liability Insurance, Street and Bridge, and Social Security Funds.

Data source: DuPage County Collector

Village of Wayne, Illinois Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Properties Last Ten Fiscal Years

Kane County:

Fiscal Year Ended April 30,	Tax Year Levy	Assessed Value (1)	Estimated Actual Value
2012	2010	\$ 82,875,495	\$248,626,485
2013	2011	78,102,323	234,306,969
2014	2012	76,220,996	228,662,988
2015	2013	71,051,712	213,155,136
2016	2014	69,393,765	208,181,295
2017	2015	70,495,525	211,486,575
2018	2016	70,429,377	211,288,131
2019	2017	72,459,530	217,378,590
2020	2018	69,471,997	208,415,991
2021	2019	67,917,404	203,752,212

Data source: Kane County Collector

DuPage County:

Fiscal Year Ended April 30,	Tax Year Levy	Assessed Value (1)	Estimated Actual Value
2012	2010	\$105,865,730	\$317,597,190
2013	2011	95,344,931	286,034,793
2014	2012	87,344,185	262,032,555
2015	2013	82,296,451	246,889,353
2016	2014	80,017,132	240,051,396
2017	2015	80,506,885	241,520,655
2018	2016	84,932,646	254,797,938
2019	2017	85,746,497	257,239,491
2020	2018	84,547,110	253,641,330
2021	2019	82,495,671	247,487,013

Data source: DuPage County Collector

(1) Assessed value is set by the County Assessor on an annual basis. The assessment level is then adjusted by the State with a county multiplier based on the factor needed to bring the average prior years' level up to 33 1/3% of market value.